**OPEN GOVERNMENT PARTNERSHIP SECRETARAIT**

**OFFICE OF THE PRESEIDENT**

**GHANA OPEN GOVERNMENT PARTNERSHIP (OGP) FOURTH NATIONAL ACTION PLAN (NAP-4)**

**IMPLEMENTATION OF PROVIDING OPPORTUNITIES FOR POLITICAL PARTICIPATION OF PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES**

**MONITORING TEMPLATE**

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|  | **THEMATIC AREA: CITIZEN PARTICIPATION** |
| **COMMITMENTS/****MILESTONES** | **INDICATORS** | **DEFINITION** | **BASELINE****2021** | **END TARGET** **2023** | **PROGRESS AS AT DEC 2022** | **MEANS OF VERIFICATION** | **REMARKS (NEXT STEPS)** | **RESPONSIBLE MDA** |
| **Commitment 4.1.1:** • Government to ensure progressive increase in women’s political participation at all levels of government, review the Constitution to allow election of MMDCEs in district level elections (either on partisan basis or non-partisan basis) and provide opportunities for the political participation of Persons with Disabilities  | Level of participation of women at all levels of government  | The indicator tracks deliberate policies and measures implemented by government to ensure progressive increase in participation of women at all levels of government  |  |  |  |   |  | **Leading Institutions**Ministry of Gender, Children and Social Protection, Ministry of Local Government, Decentralization and Rural DevelopmentOffice of the Attorney General and Ministry of JusticeNational Council on Persons with DisabilityNational Identification AuthorityGhana Revenue AuthorityNational Information Technology Agency (NITA)Commission for Human Rights and Administrative Justice (CHRAJ)**Collaborating Institutions**Coalition on Affirmative Action,The Ghana Federation of Disability Organizations (GFDO)Institute for Democratic Governance (IDEG) |
| Percent of women in local governmentThe constitution is reviewed to allow election of MMDCEs in district level elections (either on partisan basis or non-partisan basis)(YES, NO) | Number of women/PWDs Assembly Members divided by the total number of District Assembly Members multiplied by 100The indicator tracks the status of a proposed review of the constitution to allow election of MMDCEs in district level elections (either on partisan basis or non-partisan basis) | - | 5 women with disabilities | - | - | The Council is currently looking for funding to implement activities as contained in the NMDTPF 2022-2025 to empower women with disabilities to effectively participate and vie for positions in the upcoming local government elections |
| **Milestones Activities****4.1.1.1:** Government to engage the leadership of the legislature, and all political parties to arrive at a decision as to whether to elect MMDCEs on partisan or non-partisan basis by end of June, 2023 | A meeting between Government and leadership of the legislature, and all political parties on a decision to whether to elect MMDCEs on partisan or non-partisan basis held | The indicator tracks the status of an engagement meeting between Government and leadership of the legislature, and all political parties on a decision to whether to elect MMDCEs on partisan or non-partisan basis |  | Government fully engages leadership of the legislature, and all political parties on a decision to whether to elect MMDCEs on partisan or non-partisan basis  |  |  |  |
| **4.1.1.2:** Amend Articles 243 (1) and 55(3) based on outcome of engagement to enable citizens and political parties to participate in the election of Chief Executive and assembly members  | Articles 243 (1) and 55(3) have been amended(Yes, No) | Articles 243 (1) and 55(3) requires amendment to enable citizens and political parties to participate in the election of Chief Executives and assembly members. | No | Yes |  |  |  |
| **4.1.1.3**: Presentation of the Affirmative Action Bill in Parliament for its consideration | Affirmative Action Bill has been presented to Parliament for its considerationYES, NO |  | NO | YES |  |  |  |
| **4.1.1.4:** Parliament refers the Affirmative Action Bill to the Constitutional, Legal and Parliamentary Affairs Committee of Parliament for deliberation and citizen engagements on the Bill. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **4.1.1.5:** Parliament considers the final processes towards the passage of the Affirmative Action Bill into Law and its Legislative Instrument for implementation by June 2023 to increase women's representation in decision-making spaces such as Parliament, District Assemblies, Ministerial and Ambassadorial appointments and other areas of governance in Ghana. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **4.1.1.6:** The President accent to the Affirmative Action Bill by June 2023. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **4.1.1.7:** Engagement with Political Parties to review their internal constitution and electoral rules to save some safe seats in their strongholds for only women aspirants to contest. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **4.1.1.8:** Presentation of the Persons with Disabilities (PWDs) Re-enactment and its accompanying Legislative Instrument to Parliament by January 2023. |  |  | - | Submit the Persons with Disability Bill, 2022 to Cabinet | Persons with Disability Bill, 2022 drafted and Attorney General requested for additional information. Technical Committee for the Review of the Act sat to provide the needed additional information.  | Legally drafted Persons with Disability Bill, 2022 and comments and questions from the Attorney General | The Council is exploring funding to continue with the process including stakeholders’ consultation on the Bill.  |
| **4.1.1.9:** Parliament passes the Re-enactment by June 2023 to enable PWDs enjoy all their rights, including full participation in national and local level decision making without discrimination**.** | Persons with Disability Re-Enactment Bill and accompanying legislative instrument passed (Yes, No) |  | No | The new Persons with Disability Bill, 2022 is passed into Law. The L.I legally drafted by AG | Persons with Disability Bill, 2022 drafted  | Legally drafted Persons with Disability Bill, 2022  | The Council is exploring funding to continue with the process including stakeholders’ consultation on the Bill. |
| **4.1.1.10:** Decentralize the National Council on Persons with Disability in 8 regions of Ghana by end of June 2023. | Number of regions with decentralised National Council for Persons with Disability | The enactment of the Bill provides for the rights of disabled persons in accordance with article 29 of the Constitution PWDs still have challenges in accessing public buildings as most of them are not designed according to the required standard facilities such as ramps, lifts, elevators, and so on. The regional and district offices will bring the mandate of the Council as stated in Section 42 of Act 715 closer to persons with disabilities within the regions and districts | 0 | 8 regions | Draft Policy for the decentralization of the Council developed. | Draft Policy document | The Council is looking for funding to finalise the draft policy.Initial engagement with the MLGRD to second some of their staff to the Council at the Regional and District levels |
| **4.1.1.11:** Link the disaggregated data base platform of the National Council for Persons with Disability with the National Identification Authority data base and the Open Data Platform for tax purposes and reliable data on persons with disability to inform policy formulation and implementation. | Disaggregated data base platform of the National Council for Persons with Disability has been linked with the National Identification Authority data base and the Open Data Platform with report on linkage available.(Yes, No) | Linking of the data platforms necessaryfor tax purposes and generating reliable data on persons with disability to inform policy formulation and implementation | NO | Link the disaggregated data base platform of the National Council for Persons with Disability with the Open Data Platform | NITA undertook extensive assessment of the Councils IT capacity and disaggregated database system to inform the operationalisation of the data linkages system. | Assessment Report from NITA | Upgrade of the Council’s database system and linkage to the Ghana Open Data Platform and the National Identification Authority database. |
|  | **4.2 OPEN PARLIAMENT ENGAGEMENT** |
| **Commitment 4.2.1:** The Ghana Parliament shall effectively participate in the OGP Ghana activities by December 2022 |  Ghana Parliament effectively participating in OGP Ghana activities and written reports available(Yes, No) | Strengthening engagement of Ghana’s Parliament with the OGP would bring the institution in line with the country’s OGP commitments | No | Yes |  |  |  | **Responsible Institutions**Office of the Speaker Parliament of GhanaThe Parliament of Ghana**Collaborating Institutions**Parliamentary Network Africa (PNAfrica)Centre for Democratic Development (CDD).Institute for Democratic Governance (IDEG) |
| **Milestones Activities** **4.2.1.1:**  Adopt and Open Parliament Action Plan by the end of December 2022 to ensure that the Open Government values of transparency, accountability, citizens participation are integrated into Parliamentary work and practices | Open Parliament Action Plan adopted and written report on the adoption obtainable(Yes, No) | The Open Parliament Action Plan outlines specific OGP legislative actions that contributes to the National OGP Action Plan. | No | Yes |  |  |  |
| **4.2.1.2:** Establish an OGP caucus in the House by the end of 2022 to create space for political dialogue on Open governance. | OGP caucus established in Parliament of Ghana(Yes, No) | Parliament, in their power to legislate and allocate resources, play a key role in supporting sustainable open government reforms | No | Yes |  |  |  |
|  | **THEMATIC AREA: TECHNOLOGY AND INNOVATION** |
| **COMMITMENTS/****MILESTONES** | **INDICATORS** | **DEFINITION** | **BASELINE****2021** | **END TARGET** **2023** | **PROGRESS AS AT DEC 2022** | **MEANS OF VERIFICATION** | **REMARKS (NEXT STEPS)** | **RESPONSIBLE MDA** |
| **Commitment 5.1.1:** Ensure that the delivery of public services is improved through the sustained implementation of the Ghana Open Data Initiative | Number of public institutions implementing Ghana Open Data Initiative in the delivery of services.  | Ghana's Open Data Initiative is a government platform to ensure public accessibility of all government data for better governance and delivery of public services, among others. | X number of public institutions implementing the Ghana Open Data Initiative | X number of public institutions are implementing the Open Data Initiative by end of 2023 |  |  |  | **Responsible Institutions** Ministry of Communications and Digitalization**Collaborating Institutions**Kwame Nkrumah University of Science and Technology (KNUST)University of Professional Studies Accra (UPSA)Ashesi UniversityGhana Open Data Alliance, Ghana Academic and Research NetworkNational Council on Persons with Disability |
| **Milestones Activities****5.1.1.1:** Engage in public awareness activities about the open data portal with all stakeholders and make portal accessible to persons with disability  | Meetings held with key stakeholders on the open data portal with portals accessible to PWDs(Yes, No) |  | - | Major open data portal is accessible to persons with disabilities | The Council had stakeholders’ consultation with organisations of &for persons with disabilities, NITA, Ghana Digital Acceleration Project (GDAP) and Special Schools for Persons with Disabilities to ascertain the level of accessibility challenges in accessing open data portals.  | Disability inclusion component of the GDAP | Continuous engagement with MoCD, Worldbank, NITA and relevant stakeholders for the implementation of planned activities to make open data portals accessible to persons with disabilities |
| **5.1.1.2**: Ensure that data from critical sectors of the economy such as agriculture and industry are regularly uploaded on their portals in a disaggregated format that is more useful to the data consuming public.  |  Data from critical sectors of the economy including agriculture and industry uploaded on their portals and in format useful and accessible to the public(Yes, No) | --------do---------- | No | Yes. |  |  |  |
| **5.1.1.3:** Support regulatory agencies and licensing authorities to develop data collection /data set standard for their agencies and build an interoperable digital system | Regulatory agencies and licensing authorities have developed data collection /data set standard for their agencies and build an interoperable digital system(Yes, No) |  | No | Yes |  |  |  |
| **5.1.1.4:** Data systems personnel trained to manage the various data systems | Number of data systems personnel trained with training report |  | X number of data systems personnel trained in 2021 | X number of data systems personnel trained in 2023 |  |  |  |
| **5.1.1.5** Direct research statistics and information management directorate of the Ministries, Departments and Agencies lead data set /data collection teams | The research statistics and information management directorate of MDAs are taking lead role in data collection(Yes, No) |  | No | Yes |  |  |  |
|  **5.1.1.6** Provide specific annual budget allocation Ghana Open Data Initiative (GODI) and support GODI secretariat to secure the active involvement of the academic and research community in GODI | CODI provided with specific annual budget allocation(Yes, No) |  | No | Yes |  |  |  |
|  | CODI Secretariat has taken measures to ensure the involvement of the academic and research community in CODI(Yes, No) |  | No | Yes |  |  |  |
| **5.1.1.7** Ensure that National Open Data sharing policy is implemented, and NITA will be involved in the design, identification, and procurement of digital platform | The National Open Data Sharing policy implemented(Yes, No) |  | No | Yes |  |  |  |
|  | NITA participated in the design, identification, and procurement of digital platform(Yes, No) |  | No | Yes |  |  |  |  |